

Safety Data Sheet

according to OSHA Hazard Communication
29 CFR Part 1910.1200

SECTION 1. Identification

Product Code #J011-011 (1 gal.), #J011-012 (5 gal.), #J011-013 (55 gal.)

Product Name: UV Clean-Up 3D101

Supplied by: UV Process Supply, Inc.
1229 W. Cortland Street
Chicago, IL 60614-4805
(773) 248-0099
E-Mail: info@uvps.com

24 Hour Emergency:
INFOTRAC: 1-800-535-5053

Outside U.S. and Canada
Infotrac: 352-323-3500

NOTE: INFOTRAC and National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals

SECTION 2. Hazard(s) Identification

***** EMERGENCY OVERVIEW ***:** Combustible liquid and vapor. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Corrosive. Can cause eye burns and permanent tissue damage. Can cause permanent injury to the eyes.

GHS Classification

Acute Tox. 3, Eye Dam. 1, Repr. 1A, Resp. Sens. 1, STOT SE 2, Skin Irrit. 2

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word

Danger

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Flammable liquid, category 4	H227	Combustible liquid
Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 3	H301	Toxic if swallowed.
Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Serious Eye Damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory Sensitizer, category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Reproductive Toxicity, category 1A	H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
STOT, single exposure, category 2	H371	May cause damage to organs.

GHS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P284	[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P321	Specific treatment (see first aid section on this label).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342+P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use appropriate method to extinguish.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt. %</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Dipropylene glycol mono methyl ether	34590-94-8	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS06	H227-320-331
1-methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H226-332-336-360
Methanol	67-56-1	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS06- GHS08	H225-300-332-370
2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS05- GHS06	H227-302-312-314-331-335
Alkylphenol ethoxylate	127087-87- 0	1.0-2.5	GHS07-GHS08	H315-319-334-335

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

SECTION 4. First-Aid Measures



FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with water. Flush eyes with water for a minimum of 15 minutes, occasionally lifting and lowering upper lids. Get medical attention promptly.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove clothing. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing separately and clean shoes before reuse.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Rescuers should put on appropriate protective gear. Remove from area of exposure. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Get immediate medical attention. To prevent aspiration, keep head below knees.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give victim a glass of water. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SECTION 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Combustible liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. Vapors/dust may form explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Also, do not reuse container without commercial cleaning or reconditioning.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (MSHA/NIOSH

approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Avoid use of solid water streams. Use water with caution. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. Water may be ineffective in fighting the fire. Water spray to cool containers or protect personnel. Use with caution. Water spray and foam must be applied carefully to avoid frothing. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire. Small fires: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Large fires: Water spray, water fog, and alcohol-resistant foam.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

SECTION 6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. (See Exposure Controls / Personal Protection Section.) Eliminate all ignition sources. Prevent additional discharge of material if able to do so safely. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Ventilate spill area. Stay upwind of spill. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Use water mist or spray to disperse vapors. Flush spill area with water spray. Collect spilled materials for disposal. Use only non-combustible material for clean-up. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed materials. Remove from surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Recover by pumping (use an explosion proof or hand pump).

SECTION 7. Handling and Storage



HANDLING: Use only in a well ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor, fumes or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Potential peroxide former. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. After opening, purge container with nitrogen before reclosing. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after containers are emptied because they may retain product residues.

STORAGE: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Store containers in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Storage under nitrogen atmosphere is recommended. Do not allow to evaporate to near dryness. Protect from direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>ACGIH TLV-TWA</u>	<u>ACGIH-TLV STEL</u>	<u>OSHA PEL-TWA</u>	<u>OSHA PEL-CEILING</u>
Dipropylene glycol mono methyl ether	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.D.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	100 ppm	150 ppm	N.D.	N.D.
Methanol	200 ppm	250 ppm	200 ppm	N.D.
2-aminoethanol	3 ppm	6 ppm	3 ppm	N.D.
Alkylphenol ethoxylate	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.

Personal Protection



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Wear a MSHA/NIOSH approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions.



SKIN PROTECTION: Wear impervious gloves to prevent contact with the skin. Wear long sleeves when contact is likely to occur. Wear protective gear as needed - apron, suit, boots. Where splashing is possible, full chemically resistant protective clothing (e.g. acid suit) and boots are required.



EYE PROTECTION: Do not wear contact lenses. Use chemical splash goggles and face shield (ANSI Z87.1 or approved equivalent).



OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Do not eat, drink, or smoke in areas where this material is used. Avoid breathing vapors. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating.

SECTION 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	N.D.	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	TYPICAL	Odor Threshold:	N.D.
Density, g/cm³:	0.983	pH:	N.D.
Freeze Point, °F:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	N.D.	Explosive Limits, vol%:	N.D.
Boiling Range, °F:	212 - 376	Flash Point, °F:	140
Evaporation Rate:	N.D.	Auto-ignition Temp., °F:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	N.D.	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: No Information

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid impact, friction, heat, sparks, flame and source of ignition. Minimize exposure to air. Avoid static discharge.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Avoid contact with strong reducing agents. Keep separate from alkalis. Do not add or formulate with nitrates. Avoid contact with hydrogen peroxide, chromic anhydride, nitric acid, mixed nitric/sulfuric acid, nitrosyl perchlorate, permonosulfuric acids, potassium tert-butoxide, sodium hypobromite, chlorinated melamine. Reactive with isocyanate. Avoid contact with moisture and/or water. Prevent contact with halogens. Avoid contact with metals. Prevent contact with strong oxidizing agents. Keep away from strong bases. Keep away from acids.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Toxic gases/fumes are given off during burning or thermal decomposition. During combustion carbon monoxide may be formed. During combustion carbon dioxide may be formed. Decomposition releases nitrogen oxides. Combustion can lead to the formation of ammonia. May form peroxides of unknown stability. Combustion can lead to the formation of formaldehyde. Combustion can lead to formation of formic acid.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: No Information

SECTION 11. Toxicological Information



Information on Toxicological Effects

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Can cause pulmonary edema. Vapors can cause irritation of the respiratory tract. High concentrations can cause headache, nausea, weakness, lightheadedness, and stupor (CNS depression). Irritating to the respiratory system. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Causes delayed lung injury. Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause liver and kidney damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Corrosive, causes burns and permanent skin damage (scarring). Skin absorption may add significantly to the overall toxic effect. Prolonged skin contact with very large amounts may cause dizziness and drowsiness. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Corrosive. Can cause eye burns and permanent tissue damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness and swelling.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Corrosive and may cause severe and permanent damage to mouth, throat, and stomach. Overexposure may cause nausea, diarrhea, and/or vomiting. May cause dizziness and drowsiness and/or stupor.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Material is slowly eliminated from the body, therefore it can have cumulative toxicity effects with repeated exposures. Overexposure may cause nervous system damage. May cause delayed lung damage. Overexposure may cause kidney damage. May cause liver disorder (e.g., edema, proteinuria) and damage. Significant exposure to this chemical may adversely affect people with chronic disease of the respiratory system, central nervous system, kidney, liver, skin, and/or eyes.

Primary Route(s) of Entry: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Contact

Acute Toxicity Values

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Name according to EEC</u>	<u>Oral LD50, mg/kg</u>	<u>Dermal LD50, mg/kg</u>	<u>Vapor LC50, mg/L</u>
34590-94-8	Dipropylene glycol mono methyl ether	>5,000	>9,150	3.35
107-98-2	1-methoxy-2-propanol	>4016	>2000	>27.596
67-56-1	Methanol	5.628	15,800	20.0
141-43-5	2-aminoethanol	>1,720	>1,000	>1.21
127087-87-0	Alkylphenol ethoxylate	3,310	>2,000	N.D.

SECTION 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No Information

SECTION 13. Disposal Considerations

For more guidance and information contact our Waste Services Division at (262) 658-4000.

Always dispose of any waste in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations.

DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of waste in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASE OR SPILLED: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. (See Exposure Controls / Personal Protection Section.) Eliminate all ignition sources. Prevent additional discharge of material if able to do so safely. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Ventilate spill area. Stay upwind of spill. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Use water mist or spray to disperse vapors. Flush spill area with water spray. Collect spilled materials for disposal. Use only non-combustible material for clean-up. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed materials. Remove from surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Recover by pumping (use an explosion proof or hand pump).

SECTION 14. Transport Information

DOT Proper Shipping Name:	Compound cleaning liquid (MeOH, 1-Methoxy, 2-propanol)-combustible liquid	Packing Group:	III
DOT Hazard Class:	Combustible Liquid	Hazard SubClass:	No Information
DOT UN/NA Number:	NA1993	Resp. Guide Page:	128

SECTION 15. Regulatory Information**U.S. Federal Regulations:****CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Methanol	67-56-1
glycol ethers	111-76-2

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA components exist in this product.

U.S. State Regulations:**NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW:**

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product.

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Water	7732-18-5

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product are at or greater than 3%.

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Water	7732-18-5

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 CARCINOGENS

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause Cancer:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
ethylene oxide	75-21-8

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause birth defects, or other reproductive hazards.

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Methanol	67-56-1
ethylene oxide	75-21-8

International Regulations: As follows -**CANADIAN WHMIS:**

This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

WHMIS Class: No Information

SECTION 16. Other Information

Revision Date: 9/26/2014 **Supersedes Date:** New SDS

Datasheet produced by: EH&S - Regulatory Department

HMIS Ratings:

Health:	2	Flammability:	2	Reactivity:	0 - No Hazard	Personal Protection:	X
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Volatile Organic Compounds, gr/ltr: 142

DISCLAIMER: THE VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC) CONTENT REPORTED HEREIN, IF ANY, IS BASED ON A MATERIAL VOC CALCULATION. NOTE THAT SEVERAL METHODS ARE USED FOR CALCULATING VOC CONTENT AND THAT STANDARDS/ REQUIREMENTS REGARDING VOC CONTENT VARY BY LOCATION/JURISDICTION. ACCORDINGLY, EMCO MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING THIS MATERIAL'S COMPLIANCE WITH VOC STANDARDS/ REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE IN LOCATIONS/JURISDICTIONS WHERE THIS MATERIAL MAY BE SOLD OR USED.

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid
H300	Fatal if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.

H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H320	Causes eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

GHS02	
GHS05	
GHS06	
GHS07	
GHS08	

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined, N.I. - No Information

The information on this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe to be reliable. However, the information provided is without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness. Some information presented and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the product itself. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination and should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For these reasons we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim any liability for loss, damage, or expense arising out of or in any way connected with handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS may not be applicable. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations.